



Are Vascular Access Teams A Thing of the Past?

Presented by Gwenda Guerin, RN CRNI

## **Objectives**



 Identify and discuss key performance indicators for the vascular access team

 Discuss the process for on analyzing the key indicators

# Role of the Vascular Access Team



- Defining the role of the IV Team
- What was the main objective
- How to accomplish this objective with the limitations placed on the IV Team
- Cost reduction verus cost revenue

#### Goals



- Decrease use of PICCs per 1000 patient day to 8 per day
- Next goal was to decrease to # to 5 per day
- Improve patient satisfaction
- Improve physician satisfaction
- Improve nursing satisfaction

## History



- IV Team was created August 2012 to perform difficult venipuncture's
- Assess central line dressings only
- IV Team expanded to Dressing changes on October 1, 2014 with some exceptions

#### **IV Team Timeline**



- Current: IV start skills competency in new employee clinical orientation
- March 29: Complete job description, policy and education roll out
- April 10: Proposal to Medical Executive Committee.
- Present policy to P&P pending MEC approval

#### continued



- May 2: FTE approval and job posting(IFT day and 2 part time, I full time evening and 2 part time. Cover Monday-Sunday=4.2FTE
- May: begin interviews
- May 21: Roll out education to physicians and staff
- June: Orientation for the team
- July I: available

#### IV Team Service



- Criteria for consulting IV Team developed
- Developed plan for IV Team to prioritize staff calling for patients IVs

#### **IV Team**



- Developed PIV insertion with Ultrasound policy
- Developed competencies for IV team
  - PIV insertion with ultrasound
  - Central Line dressing
  - Hickman catheter repair
  - Declotting

#### Resources



- How INS was helpful with developing competencies and the team
- Britt Myer with Duke University
- PICC Excellence

# Expanded goal to incorporate NPSG.07.04.01



- Use proven guidelines to prevent infection of the blood from central lines
  - Trial began with Oncology and MICU to have a dedicated team change central lines
  - Purpose to decrease CLABSIs

### Challenges



- Limitation of staff to cover >625 beds
- Education for staff
- No office or dedicated space
- Learning curve for use of ultrasound

## Paper tracking Began

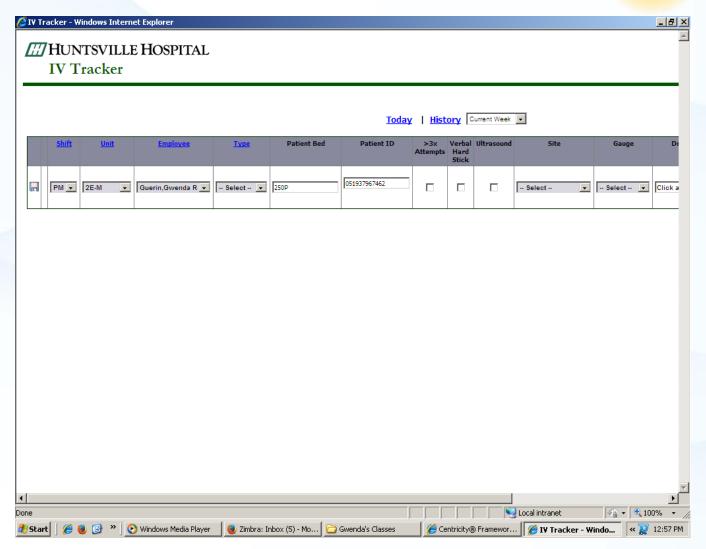


- Employee manually entered info to spreadsheet
- Average 4 hours per week to input data into spreadsheet

ient Label	PIV	PIV attempts	Site/Gauge	Supplies @ bedside	Charted	Comments
	Restart I	1 □ 2 □ 3 □		Yes  No  Attempted Yes  No  No  No	Done □	
	Restart I	1 □ 2 □ 3 □	R L Gauge	Yes  No  Attempted Yes  No  No  No	Done □	

## IT Department Developed





# Paper documentation of Central Line Dressing



# Additional staff needed to enter into spreadsheet

Room#	Type of device Tunneled □ Implanted □	Tubing labeled Yes □ No □ Blood Return	Was Dsg Changed on admission	Comments
Name:	PICC  Temp VAD  Dialysis	Yes	Yes □ No □	
Room#	Type of device Tunneled □ Implanted □	Tubing labeled Yes □ No □ Blood Return	Was Dsg Changed on admission	Comments
Name:	PICC  Temp VAD  Dialysis	Yes  No  Correct dsg w/Biopatch Yes  No	Yes	

# IT Developed with help of my manager



	A   B		U	t		b	Н	
		V	V	-		V	- !!	
1	Huntsville Hospital							
2	Monthly Patient Days By Departme	ent						
3	FYE 6/30/16							
4								
5	Dept # Department Name	<u>Jul</u>	Aug	Sept	<u>0ct</u>	Nov	<u>Dec</u>	<u>Jan</u>
6								
7	Adult Days							

# Monthly Tracking (goal was to achieve less than 8 PICCs per day)



August 2011 298 18.62/1000 pt days

August 2012 267 16.98/1000 pt days

August 2013 188 12.26/1000 pt days

August 2014 126 8.2/1000 pt days

August 2015 118 7.5/1000 pt days

April 2016 102 5.6/1000 pt days

#### Education

- Learn. Discover. Share.

  INS 2016

  Ft. Lauderdale, FL · May 14-19
- Developed educational fliers for staff
- Incorporated best practice, updates to policy and how team
- IV Team providing education as they make rounds
- Dressing
  - Caps
  - Flushed
  - Declot
  - Curos

#### Samples Education fliers



#### CLINICAL NURSING PRACTICE

#### Techniques to Decrease CLABSIs:

- · Hand hygiene is the #1 way to prevent the spread of infection.
- SCRUB THE HUB 15 seconds before accessing any CVL port!
- All central line dressings are removed and site assessed (including blood return) within 24hours of admission. The catheter site is changed per policy; Biopatch applied and a HH standard dressing applied.
- MaxPlus Injection Caps must be changed with each central line dressing change. Exception is the yellow Tego caps found on Dialysis catheters.
- The Dialysis and Ash-Split Catheter Dressings are changed by the unit staff caring for the patient. Dialysis staff does not routinely change the sterile dressing but will apply the Tego caps.
- If the integrity of the Central Line Dressing become loose, do not secure with more tape, it is considered compromised and can increase the chance for a CLABSI. Change the dressing according to policy.

#### **Education Fliers**



#### NURSING UPDATE

Starting Now!



ZZ/HUNTSVILLE HOSPITAL

## **Example of Competencies**



2016 HUNTSVILLE HOSPITAL	COMPRESSOR	ACCRECATENT FORM

imployee's	Name	Title	RN	Unit	IV Team

Documentation
\*All methods include verbalization of knowledge, comprehension and assessment of critical shinking.
\*FIII in all areas—must include method of assessment, date of assessment, and reviewer's signature initials.
\*FIII in all areas—must include method of assessment, date of assessment, and reviewer's signature initials.
\*Fittingly-ones must be assessed by comprehent reviewer. (Ex. Engloyee) who has not an Ext should not assess the comprehency of an EX)

POPULATION	METHOD OF	PERFORMANCE I	COMMENTS/REMEDIATIO	
SPECIFIC VALIDATION	VALIBATION	EXPECTATION	SIGNATURE DATE	STATEMENTS
Adolescent Observ	Observed	Needs Remediation (explain)		
Senior	Simulation	Simulation Met		
	- 2000 CON	Exceeds (Reviewer Potential)		

Central Line Care
When entering the room perform AIDET. Identifies patient by 2 identifiers. Able to identify type of central catheter in use, implanted ports accessed with correct non-cering needle: Baber safety needle or Pownerice Needle, accesses catheter using aspetic technique—Uses already on the part of the property of the pro

POPULATION METHOD OF		PERFORMANCE B	COMMENTS/REMEDIATIO	
SPECIFIC	VALIDATION	EXPECTATION	SEGNATURE/DATE	STATEMENTS
AdolescentObserved	Observed	Needs Remediation (explain)		
Senior	Simulation	on Met		
_		Execute (Perisons Between C)		1

#### Competencies developed for IV Team

#### Ultrasound-Guided PIV Placement

COMPETENCY STATEMENT: The employee shall, after education and training, use appropriate equipment and following written policies and procedures, insert a short PIV under Ultrasound

Initial Competency Criteria	Practicum	Clinical	Clinical	Clinical
Demonstrated AIDET			-	
Identify patient by use of two identifiers				
Explain procedure to patient and obtains verbal consent				
Performs hand hygiene and dons non sterile gloves				
Positions ultrasound for viewing. Applies tourniquet and ultrasound gel to intended area. Identifies appropriate vein				
Loosen tourniquet; preps site with appropriate antimicrobial agent (Chloraprep) x 30 seconds. (2 min. if moist/wet site). Allow to dry. Removes any excess hair prior to venipuncture with use of disposable elippers or single use scissors.				
Organize supplies for venipuncture				
Re-apply tourniquet and position arm. Do not touch prepped site with finger				
Cover ultrasound probe with sterile transparent dressing				
Place sterile gel at intended site, Locate vein using center mark of transducer. Insert catheter using sterile technique				
Confirm catheter placement with positive blood return in				

#### Point Prevalence



- Done
  - -3M
  - Carefusion
  - Bard
- Data has shown the team is making a difference

### **Healthy Competition**



- Tracked monthly IV starts by each team member.
- Brian Buchmann, RN Nurse Manager shared info with each member. Full of compliments(former NM)
- Average IV line started per 1000 patient days in April 2015 was 938. Able to track with use of ultrasound
- Daily average 7a-7p 31.7 /7pm-7a 17

#### Progress



- Increased prn staff to assist with dressing changes in evening. Average 98/day central lines
- Assist with CLABSI Task Force
- JAN/Feb 0 CLABSIs
- Dedicated office space
- Dedicated cart with dressing supplies and attached computer
- Two ultrasound machines



- New focus under new management
- Add pics of IV team/cart/office
- 2 additional full time staff



#### Our staff love the IV Team!

Administration is overjoyed that the IV

Team has played a role in decreasing use of PICCs and CLABSIs

# Our Team













#### Questions

